

Core Reading

Tools to Know 🛞

Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking

E2.2 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively.

Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E2.4 Comprehension. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts.

| Reading Process: Thinking Within the Text | | | | | | Comprehension: Thinking with the Text | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|
| E2.4(A) establish | E2.2(B) analyze context to | E2.4(B) generate questions | E2.4(C) make and correct or | E2.4(D) create | E2.4(I) monitor comprehension and | E2.4(E) make | E2.4(F) make | E2.4(G) evaluate | E2.4(H) synthesize | |
| purpose for | distinguish among | about text before, during, | confirm predictions using | mental images | make adjustments such as rereading, | connections to per- | inferences and | details read to | information from | |
| reading assigned | denotative, connotative, | and after reading to | text features, | to deepen | using background knowledge, asking | sonal experiences, | use evidence to | determine key | multiple texts to create | |
| and self-selected | and figurative meanings | deepen understanding and | characteristics of genre, | understanding | questions and annotating when | ideas in other texts, | support | ideas (R) | new understanding (R) | |
| texts | of words (R) | gain information | and structures (S) [Literary] | | understanding breaks down | and society (S) | understanding (R) | | | |

Ways to Show: Thinking About the Meaning

Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

E2.6 Literary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts.

- E2.7 Genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts.
- E2.8 Author's purpose.

| Application | Instructional Focus | Fiction (1) | Informational (3) | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| E2.6/E2.7/E2.8 | Genre Characteristics | E2.7(A) read and analyze world literature across literary periods (S) | E2.7(D) analyze characteristics and structural elements of informational texts | | |
| comprehend the author's purpose | Overall | E2.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R) | E2.8(A) analyze the author's purpose, audience, and message within a text (R) | | |
| and meaning in increasingly | Meaning | analyze theme | E2.7(D) (i) clear thesis, relevant supporting evidence, pertinent examples, and conclusion (R) | | |
| complex texts and in multiple genres; | Analysis for Deeper Meaning | E2.6(A) analyze how themes are developed through characterization and plot, including comparing similar themes in a variety of literary texts representing different cultures (S) | E2.7(D) (ii) the relationship between organizational design and thesis (S) | | |
| analyze the relationships among literary elements and structures and | | E2.6(B) analyze how authors develop complex yet believable characters, including archetypes, through historical and cultural settings and events (R) | | | |
| how they contribute to the overall meaning | | E2.6(C) analyze isolated scenes and their contribution to the success of the plot as a whole (R) | | | |
| | | E2.6(D) analyze how historical and cultural settings influence characterization, plot, and theme across texts (S) | | | |

Author's Craft: Thinking About the Writing

E2.8 Author's purpose and craft. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances.

| Application Instructional Focus | | Fiction | Informational | | | |
|--|---------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| E2.8 analyze the author's choices and how they influence meaning; apply author's craft purposefully in writing and speaking | Point of View | first person, third person, omniscient, limited, subjective, objective | | | | |
| E2.7 | Structure | E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S) | E2.8(B) analyze use of text structure to achieve the author's purpose (S) | | | |
| use genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes to analyze | | E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) | E2.8(C) evaluate the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) | | | |
| texts | Language | E2.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (\mathbf{R}) | E2.8(D) analyze how the author's use of language informs and shapes the perception of readers (\mathbf{R}) | | | |
| E2.8 analyze the authors' choices and | | E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes (S) | E2.8(E) analyze the use of literary devices such as irony, sarcasm, and motif to achieve specific purposes (S) | | | |
| how they influence and communicate meaning; apply | | E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (\mathbf{R}) | E2.8(F) analyze how the author's diction and syntax contribute to the mood, voice, and tone of a text (R) | | | |
| author's craft purposefully in writing and speaking | | | E2.8(G) analyze the purpose of rhetorical devices such as appeals, antithesis, parallelism, and shifts and the effects of logical fallacies (S) | | | |



| Responding to Tex | Responding to Text (applied to both Reading and Writing) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| E2.5 Response skill | E2.5 Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed. | | | | | | | | | |
| Ways to Show (Response Skills) | | | | | | | | | | |
| personal connections to a variety of sources, including | E2.5(B) write responses that demonstrate under- standing of texts, including comparing texts within and across genres (R) | E2.5(C) use text evidence and original commentary to sup- port an interpretive response (R) | E2.5(D) paraphrase and summarize texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order (R) | E2.5(E) interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating, freewriting, or illustrating | E2.5(F) respond using acquired content and academic vocabulary as appropriate | | E2.5(H) respond orally or in writing with appropriate register, vocabulary, tone, and voice | E2.5(I) reflect on and adjust responses when valid evidence warrants | E2.5(J) defend or challenge the authors' claims using relevant text evidence | |
| Writing | Writing | | | | | | | | | |
| Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts E2.9 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions. E2.10 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Application | | | Tools to Know (Writing Process) 🛞 | | | | | | | |
| E2.10(A) compose literary texts such as fiction and poetry using genre characteristics and craft E2.10(B) compose informational texts such as explanatory essays, reports, and personal essays using genre characteristics and craft (R) E2.10(C) compose argumentative texts using genre characteristics and craft (R) E2.10(D) compose correspondence in a professional or friendly structure | | E2.9(A) plan a piece of writing appropriate for various purposes and audiences by generating ideas through a range of strategies such as brainstorming, journaling, reading, or discussing E2.9(B) develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing in timed and open-ended situations by: (i) using an organizing structure appropriate to purpose, audience, topic, and context (R) (ii) developing an engaging idea reflecting depth of thought with specific details, examples, and commentary (R) E2.9(C) revise drafts to improve clarity, development, organization, style, diction, and sentence effectiveness, including use of parallel constructions and placement of phrases and dependent clauses (R) E2.9(D) edit drafts using standard English conventions, including: (S) (i) a variety of complete, controlled sentences and avoidance of unintentional splices, run-ons, and fragments (R) (ii) pronoun-antecedent agreement (S) (iv) correct capitalization (S) (v) punctuation, including commas, semicolons, colons, dashes, and parentheses to set off phrases and clauses as appropriate (S) (vi) correct spelling (S) | | | | | | | | |
| (S) | | E2.9(E) publish written work for appropriate audiences | | | | | | | | |

Note: The Review Snapshot is condensed to prioritize instruction during Rockin' Review. Visit lead4ward.com/resources to access a comprehensive Reading/Writing Snapshot that includes all instructional components and student expectations.